Geometry Lesson 64

Objective: TSW use angles on the interior of circles.

Date: _____

Name: _____

Period:

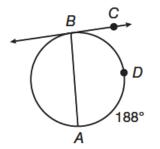
A segment or arc is said to subtend an angle if the endpoints of the segments or arc lie on the sides of the angle. In the diagram, $\angle EDF$ is subtended by \widehat{EF} or \overline{EF} .

Inscribed angles are one type of subtended angle. Another type of subtended angle is one formed by a tangent to the circle and a chord of the circle.

Theorem 64-1 - The measure of an angle formed by a tangent and a chord is equal to half the measure of the arc that subtends it.

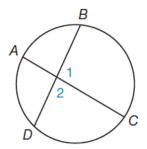
Example 1 Finding Angle Measures with Tangents and Chords Find the indicated measure, given that \overline{BC} and \overline{SR} are tangents.

a. m∠*ABC*



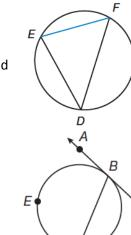
SOLUTION

Theorem 64-2 - The measure of an angle formed by two chords *B* intersecting in a circle is equal to half the sum of the intersected arcs.



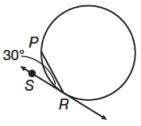
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b. m*P*_*R*



Example 2 Proving Theorem 64-2 Given: \overline{AD} and \overline{BC} intersect at E. Prove: $m \angle 1 = \frac{1}{2} (m \widehat{AB} + m \widehat{CD})$ SOLUTION Statements 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

6.

Example 3 Finding Angle Measures of the Intersection of Two Chords Find x. SOLUTION

Example 4 Application: Tiling

Albert is laying tile in his kitchen in a circular pattern as shown. He knows the $m\widehat{AB} = 50^{\circ}$ and $m\widehat{CD} = 86^\circ$. He wants to know the measure of angle 1 so he can cut the tile accordingly.

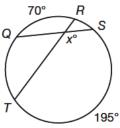
SOLUTION

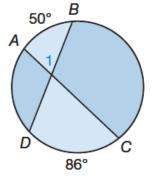


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Reasons

You Try!!!!!

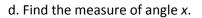
a. Find the measure of angle x in the figure. Line m is tangent to the circle.

b. Find the measure of \widehat{MNO} in the figure. Line *n* is tangent to the circle.

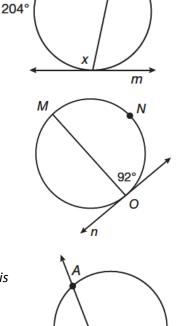
c. Prove Theorem 64-1. Given: Tangent \overrightarrow{BC} and secant \overrightarrow{BA} .

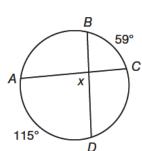
Prove: $m \angle ABC = \frac{1}{2}m\widehat{AB}$

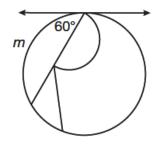
Hint: There are two cases you must prove: one where \overline{AB} is a diameter and one where \overline{AB} is not a diameter.

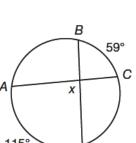


e. An artist is drawing a design for a company logo that has a capital "R" inside a large circle as shown. She first draws a baseline at the top of the R. The R is supposed to be at a 60° angle in relation to the baseline. What is the measure of the arc *m*, which extends leftward from the top of the R?









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